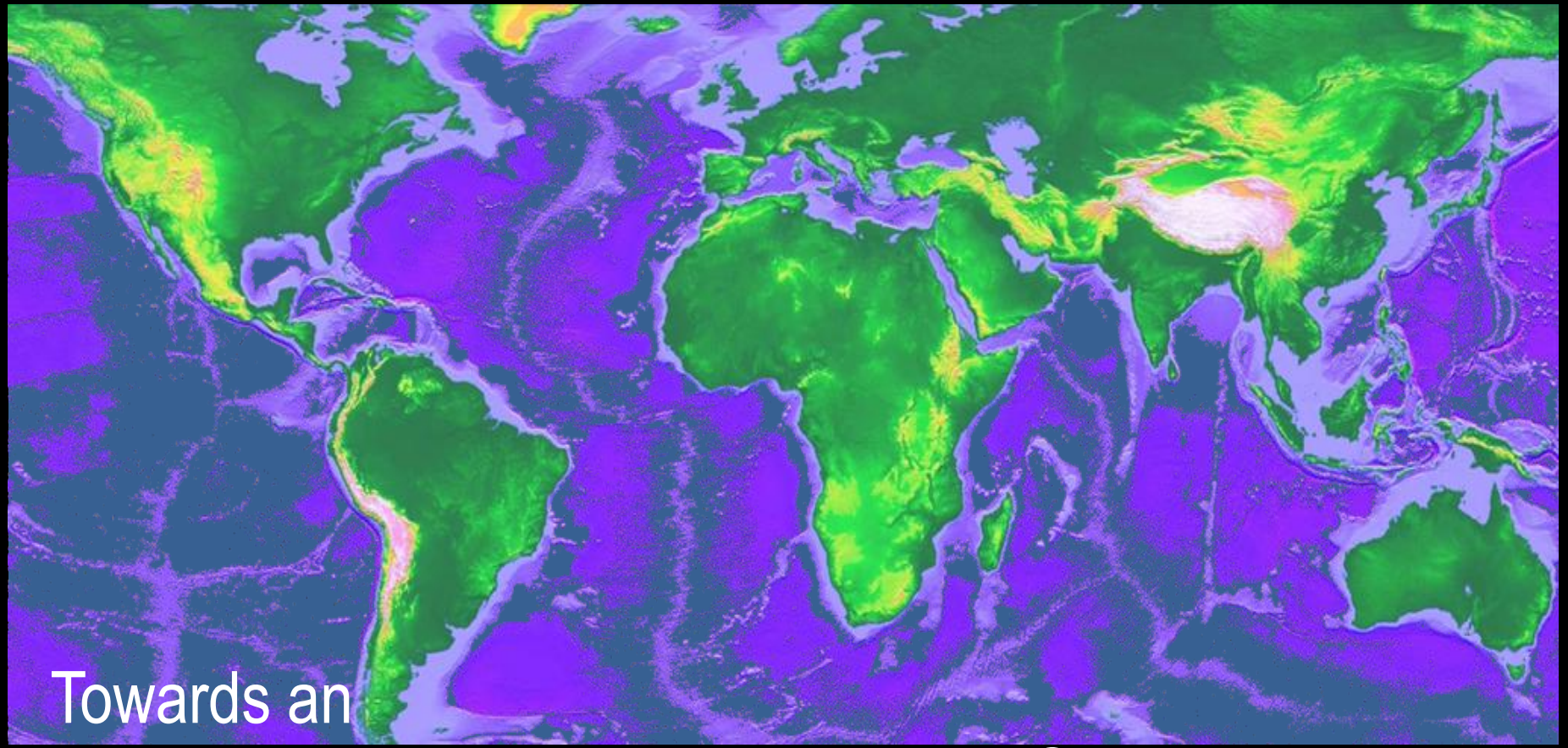

Towards an International Landscape Convention

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LANDSCAPE as an umbrella concept of an integrated entity of physical environments, is imbued with meaning and compromises an underpinning component for ensuring well-being and dignity of communities and individuals.

Lago Titicaca, Bolivia y Peru

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LANDSCAPE is perceived by people and therefore reflects the diversity of cultures; landscapes are the basis of human life and inspire the cultures that inherit and inhabit them. Landscapes are a determining factor for cultural identity, formation and consolidation.

LANDSCAPES GIVE BACK

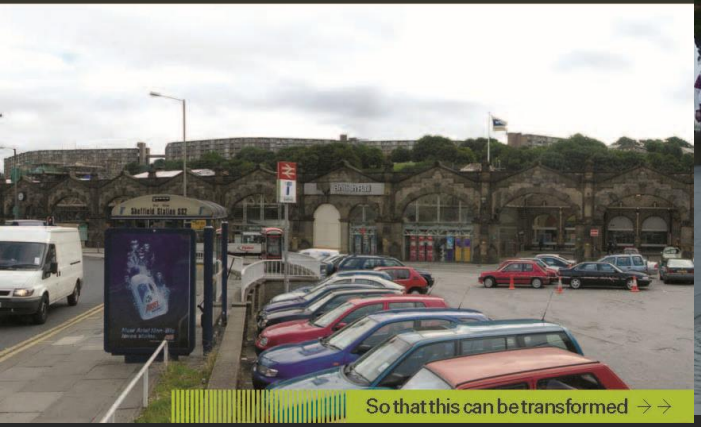
BENEFITS OF SUSTAINABLE SITES

THE SUSTAINABLE SITES INITIATIVE™

© ASLA

Landscape Institute
Inspiring great places

Why Invest in Landscape?



So that this can be transformed → →

beyond borders

The European Landscape Convention beyond Europe

Why a International Landscape Convention?

Declaration of fundamental ethical principles to promote the recognition
evaluation
protection
planning
management of

Landscapes in every nation through adoption of guidelines
conventions (laws, agreements)

which recognize
diversity & values +
principles & processes relevant to safeguarding landscape resources

Relationship To Existing Proposals

This proposal deals with the relationship populations have with the landscape. This sets it apart from other charters and categorizations of a more scientific, or specifically delineated territorial nature and from those concerned with the protection, or sanctuary of more exclusively natural environments.

Whilst many of these documents may refer to the cultural, recreational, aesthetic and social aspects of landscape, they are seen as elements that play a supporting role as part of complex range of topics affecting a defined area.
The distinctive nature of this proposal is that it deals with the experience people have of, and with the landscape, shaped by ideas, materiality and culture. It is an entirely different approach.

The aim is for the ILC to stimulate a more integrated, democratic approach that establishes the landscape as a holistic tool for planning, managing and creating sustainable development. Dealing with the protection of the past as well as the shaping of the future, it would recognize the vital connections between governance, culture, health and economics.

Rather than being an enforceable tool, it was agreed that the convention should:

✓offer inspiration through principles and guidelines;

✓encourage work across established institutional, geographical and disciplinary boundaries;

✓provide leadership;

✓share and rewarding good practice; and

✓deal with the whole space, the rural and the urban, wilderness and man-made, the most treasured and memorable and as well as the unloved and degraded

Expert Meeting on the Feasibilty of an International Landscape Convention , Paris , UNESCO Headquarters, 25 — 26 October 2010

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Towards an International Unesco Landscape Convention

Background

The quality of the environment is a key component of every society's identity and robust economic growth. Certain remarkable, valuable, historical and beautiful landscapes are given sanctuary, but at present, the everyday landscape, the social, economic and physical context of our lives, has no champion. Fragmented into various components that are green, grey or blue, agricultural, historical or ecological, landscapes are often undervalued and neglected, seemingly belonging to everyone, but actually to no one.

Each week, across the world, communities are experiencing benefits, but also feeling the impacts of industrialisation, urbanisation, and the search for energy. Lives are endangered or affected by poor or badly planned development. Problems are caused by demographic shifts and changing patterns of work and habitation, as well as climate change, the depletion of natural resources, de/reforestation, difficulties relating to food production, biodiversity, heritage, and a host of other issues relating to aspects of land use change and development. The quality of the landscapes of daily life is constantly being eroded.

A more strategic and holistic approach is desperately needed to provide support to communities in dealing with these global threats and challenges.

Why a Convention?

A new international convention would encourage a different way of thinking about the landscape by:

- Considering the landscape as a cultural and natural concept, a physical and abstract entity, having economic and social value
- Focusing on the experience people have of their physical environment, dealing with the protection of the past as well as the shaping of the future
- Recognising the vital connections between governance, culture, health and economics
- Offering inspiration through principles and guidelines, encouraging work across established institutional, geographical and disciplinary boundaries
- Providing leadership, sharing and rewarding good practice
- Dealing with the whole space, the rural and the urban, wilderness and man-made, the most treasured and memorable and as well as the unloved and degraded, will help establish the landscape as a holistic tool for planning, managing and creating sustainable development

Who is it for?

Recognising that different cultures have different ideas about the landscape, a convention will be comprehensive and overarching yet flexible, encouraging national, regional and local interpretation and application. The idea will empower communities and people who are concerned with economy, health, and sustainability of their culture and environment.

Acting as a catalyst for sustainable development, a new convention would encourage intergovernmental, transnational and public-private cooperation. Stimulating integrated policy making, unlocking greater value for people and the economy for now and in the future, it will help raise aspirations, reinforce democracy, encourage local culture and by recognising the true value of the landscape help improve the quality of life for all.

Contacts

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SCALES of NATURE
at the IFLA WORLD CONGRESS
June 27–29 2011 Fontainebleau

Photo © Malcolm Nugent

FÉVRIER 2011

Vers une Convention Internationale du Paysage

Antécédents

La qualité de l'environnement est une composante clé de l'identité de chaque société et de la croissance solide de l'économie. Certains paysages remarquables, de valeur historique et beaux, sont devenus des sanctuaires, mais aujourd'hui le paysage quotidien, et le contexte social et économique de nos vies n'ont pas de défenseurs. Fragmentées en divers éléments, verts, gris ou bleus, agricoles, historiques ou écologiques, les paysages sont souvent sous-évalués et négligés. Ils semblent en fait appartenir à tout le monde, mais en fait n'appartiennent à personne.

Chaque semaine, à travers le monde, les communautés bénéficient de l'industrialisation, de l'urbanisation et de la recherche d'énergie, mais en ressentent également l'impact. Les problèmes sont dus aux variations démographiques et à l'évolution des modèles de travail et d'habitation, ainsi qu'au changement climatique, à la diminution des ressources naturelles, à la déforestation, aux difficultés liées à la production d'aliments, à la biodiversité, au patrimoine, et à une hôte d'autres problèmes liés au changement d'usage des sols et à leur exploitation. La qualité des paysages quotidiens ne cesse de se dégrader.

Afin de soutenir les différentes communautés faisant face à ces menaces et défis globaux, nous nécessitons désespérément une approche plus stratégique et holistique.

Pourquoi une convention?

Une nouvelle convention internationale encouragerait une nouvelle réflexion sur le paysage:

- En considérant le paysage comme un concept culturel et naturel, une entité physique et abstraite, dotée d'une valeur économique et sociale.
- En se focalisant sur le vécu des personnes dans leur environnement physique, en protégeant le passé et en renforçant l'avenir.
- En reconnaissant les connections vitales entre gouvernance, culture, santé et économie.
- En étant une source d'inspiration au travers de principes et de lignes directrices, en encourageant le travail entre différentes institutions, disciplines et origines géographiques.
- En assurant un leadership et en facilitant le partage et la récompense des bonnes pratiques.
- En s'intéressant à tout l'espace, autant rural qu'urbain, sauvage qu'artificiel, appréciés et mémorables tout autant que mal aimés et dégradés, l'on pourrait ainsi faire en sorte que le paysage soit un outil holistique permettant de planifier, gérer et créer un développement durable.

A qui s'adresse-t-elle?

Reconnaissant que les cultures se fondent sur des idées différentes quant au paysage, une convention sera exhaustive et globale mais néanmoins flexible, encourageant des interprétations et applications nationales, régionales et locales. Cette idée renforcera les communautés et les personnes qui se sentent concernées par l'économie, la santé et la durabilité de leur culture et leur environnement.

En tant que catalyseur d'un développement durable, une nouvelle convention favoriserait une coopération intergouvernementale, transnationale et entre public et privée. Le fait d'encourager la création de politiques intégrées donnant de l'importance aux personnes et à l'économie aujourd'hui et demain, soutiens de nouvelles aspirations, renforcera la démocratie et les cultures locales. La reconnaissance de la véritable valeur du paysage sera la garante d'une meilleure qualité de vie pour tous.

Contacts

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FEBRERO DE 2011

HACIA UNA CONVENCIÓN INTERNACIONAL DE PAISAJE

Antecedentes

La calidad del medio ambiente es una componente clave para la identidad y el robusto crecimiento económico de cualquier sociedad. Actualmente algunos paisajes de interés notable, valiosos histórica y estéticamente, están protegidos mientras que el paisaje del día a día que constituye el contexto físico, económico y social de nuestras vidas no tiene defensor. Fragmentados en diversos componentes verdes, grises o azules, agrícolas, históricos o ecológicos, el paisaje ha sido frecuentemente desvalorado y descuidado, aparentando pertenecer a algunos aunque, realmente, no pertenece a nadie.

Cada semana, comunidades repartidas por todo el mundo están experimentando los beneficios del paisaje, pero también sintiendo el impacto de la industrialización, la urbanización y la búsqueda de fuentes de energía. Numerosas vidas están en peligro o afectadas por un desarrollo urbano escaso o mal planeado. Los problemas están causados por incrementos demográficos y cambios en los patrones de trabajo y hábitat, así como por el cambio climático, el agotamiento de los recursos naturales, la re/deforestación, los problemas en la producción de alimentos, la biodiversidad, el patrimonio y un amplio elenco de temas relacionados con los cambios de uso de la tierra y el desarrollo. La calidad de los paisajes cotidianos está siendo constantemente easquilmada.

Para proporcionar apoyo a las comunidades en la lucha contra dichos problemas y desafíos es vuelve vitalmente necesaria una aproximación más estratégica y holística.

¿Por qué una Convención?

Una nueva convención internacional fomentaría un modo diferente de concebir el paisaje:

- Considerando el paisaje como un concepto cultural y natural, una identidad física y abstracta con un valor económico y social
- Centrándose en la experiencia de las personas sobre su entorno físico, relativo tanto a la protección de su pasado como orientadas hacia el futuro.
- Reconociendo la conexión vital entre gobierno, cultura, salud y economía.
- Ofreciendo inspiración a través de principios y directrices, fomentando el trabajo más allá de los límites institucionales, geográficos y disciplinares establecidos.
- Ejerciendo liderazgo, compartiendo y recompensando buenas prácticas.
- Tratando todo el espacio ya sea el rural y urbano, el natural y artrópico, el más preciado y memorable como el más degradado y despreciado, lo que contribuirá al establecimiento del paisaje como una herramienta holística de planeamiento, gestionando y creando desarrollos sostenibles.

¿A quién está destinado?

Dado que cada cultura posee una concepción diferente sobre el paisaje, la convención debe ser amplia y global a la vez que flexible, fomentando una interpretación y aplicación nacional, regional y local. La idea implicará a personas y comunidades interesadas en la economía, salud y sostenibilidad de su cultura y entorno.

Una nueva convención fomentará la cooperación intergubernamental y entre los sectores públicos y privados, actuando como un catalizador para un desarrollo sostenible. Igualmente, ayudará a cumplir aspiraciones, reforzar la democracia, fomentar la cultura local y reconocer el verdadero valor del paisaje mejorando la calidad de vida, estimulando políticas integradas y desarrollando nuevos valores en las personas y en la economía, en la actualidad y en el futuro.

Contactos

Si tiene alguna duda sobre la Convención puede ponerse en contacto con:
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مجلة من أجل وضع اتفاقية أوروبية للمناظر الطبيعية

نحو إتفاقية أوروبية للمناظر الطبيعية

الخلفية

تعتبر جودة البيئة عنصرا أساسيا في هوية كل مجتمع وفي نموه الاقتصادي القوي. هناك مناظر طبيعية رائعة وقيمة وتاريخية وجميلة يتم الحفاظ عليها، ولكن في الوقت الحالي لا يوجد من يدافع عن المناظر الطبيعية اليومية، المحيط الاجتماعي والاقتصادي والمادي لحياتنا. المناظر الطبيعية، المقسمة إلى عناصر مختلفة خضراء أو رمادية أو زرقاء، زراعية أو تاريخية أو بيئية، غالبا ما يتم التقليل من قيمتها وإهمالها، وكأنها تنتمي إلى الجميع، ولكنها في الواقع لا تنتمي إلى أحد.

كل أسبوع، في جميع أنحاء العالم، تستفيد المجتمعات المحلية من التصنيع والتحضر والبحث عن الطاقة، ولكنها تشعر أيضا بتأثيرها. إن الحياة معرضة للخطر أو تتأثر بسبب التنمية السيئة أو التي يتم التخطيط لها بشكل سيئ. المشاكل ناتجة عن التحولات الديموغرافية وتغير أنماط العمل والسكن، وكذلك عن تغير المناخ، واستنفاد الموارد الطبيعية، وإزالة الغابات أو إعادة زراعتها، والصعوبات المتعلقة بإنتاج الغذاء، والتنوع البيولوجي، والتراث، والعديد من القضايا الأخرى المتعلقة بتغيير استخدام الأراضي والتنمية. جودة المناظر الطبيعية في حياتنا اليومية تتدهور باستمرار.

نحن في حاجة ماسة إلى اتباع نهج أكثر استراتيجية وشمولية لتوفير الدعم للمجتمعات المحلية في التعامل مع هذه التهديدات والتحديات العالمية.

لماذا اتفاقية؟

إن اتفاقية دولية جديدة من شأنها أن تشجع على التفكير بطريقة مختلفة في المناظر الطبيعية من خلال:

- النظر إلى المناظر الطبيعية كمفهوم ثقافي وطبيعي، كيان مادي ومجرد، له قيمة اقتصادية واجتماعية
- التركيز على التجربة التي يعيشها الناس في بيئتهم المادية، والتعامل مع حماية الماضي وكذلك تشكيل المستقبل
- التعرف على الروابط الحيوية بين الحكم والثقافة والصحة والاقتصاد
- تقديم الإلهام من خلال المبادئ التوجيهية، وتشجيع العمل عبر المؤسسات القائمة والحدود الجغرافية والتخصصات العلمية
- توفير القيادة، والمشاركة، ومكافأة الممارسات الجيدة
- التعامل مع المساحة بأكملها، الريفية والحضرية، البرية والمصنوعة من قبل الإنسان، الأكثر قيمة وتذكرا والأقل قيمة والمتدهورة، كما يساعد في إنشاء المناظر الطبيعية كأداة شاملة للتخطيط والإدارة وخلق تنمية مستدامة

لمن هي موجهة؟

مع الاعتراف بأن الثقافات المختلفة لديها أفكار مختلفة حول المناظر الطبيعية، ستكون الاتفاقية شاملة وواسعة النطاق ومرنة في نفس الوقت، مما يشجع على التفسير والتطبيق الوطني والإقليمي والمحلي. وستمكن الفكرة المجتمعات المحلية والأشخاص المهتمين بالاقتصاد والصحة والاستدامة في ثقافتهم وبيئتهم.

وبالعمل كعامل محفز للتنمية المستدامة، ستشجع الاتفاقية الجديدة على التعاون الحكومي الدولي والعابر للحدود والقطاعين العام والخاص. وتحفيز صنع السياسات المتكاملة، وإطلاق العنان لقيمة أكبر للناس والاقتصاد الآن وفي المستقبل، وستساعد في رفع مستوى الطموحات، وتعزيز الديمقراطية، وتشجيع الثقافة المحلية، وبالاعتراف بالقيمة الحقيقية للمناظر الطبيعية، ستساعد في تحسين جودة الحياة للجميع.

جهات للتواصل (للمزيد)

إذا كانت لديك أي استفسارات حول هذه الاتفاقية، يرجى الاتصال بالجهات التالية:
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SCALES of NATURE
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A new international convention would encourage a different way of thinking about the landscape by:

✓Considering the landscape as a cultural *and* natural concept, a physical *and* abstract entity, having economic *and* social value.

✓Focusing on the experience people have of their physical environment, dealing with the protection of the past as well as the shaping of the future.

✓Recognising the vital connections between governance, culture, health and economics.

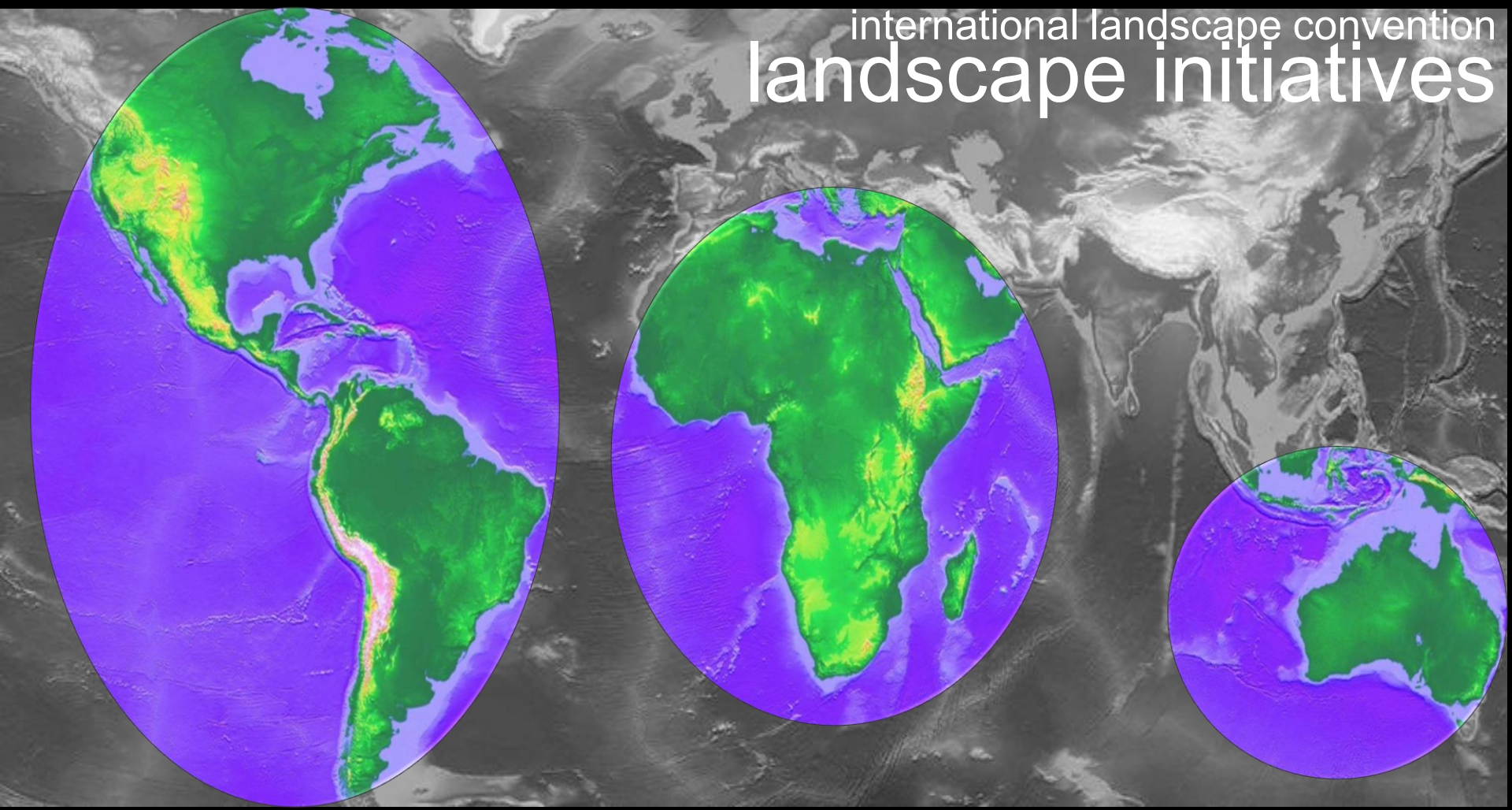
✓Offering inspiration through principles and guidelines, encouraging work across established institutional, geographical and disciplinary boundaries.

✓Providing leadership, sharing and rewarding good practice.

✓Dealing with the whole space, the rural and the urban, wilderness and man-made, the most treasured and memorable and as well as the unloved and degraded, will help establish the landscape as a holistic tool for planning, managing and creating sustainable development.

international landscape convention

landscape initiatives



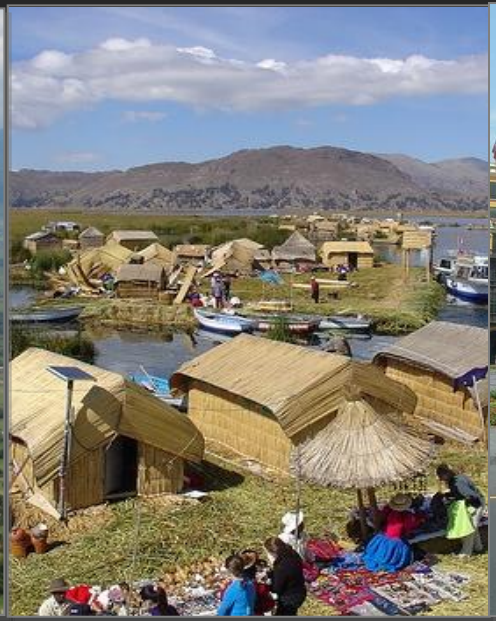
ifla

asia pacific region

european region

americas region

african region



1. Carta de Argentina del Paisaje _CAAP
2. Carta Brasilera de Paisaje _ABAP
3. Carta Costarricense del Paisaje_ASOPAICO
4. Carta Colombiana del Paisaje_SAP
5. México Paisaje Charter_SAPM
6. Carta Peruana del Paisaje_ PAIPERU
7. Carta del Paisaje de Venezuela _SAPV
8. Carta Boliviana del Paisaje _SAPEMA
9. Carta Chilena del Paisaje _ ICHAP
10. Carta Uruguaya del Paisaje_ AUDAPD
11. Carta Canadiense del Paisaje CSLA ?

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Americas & Caribe
Landscape Charters

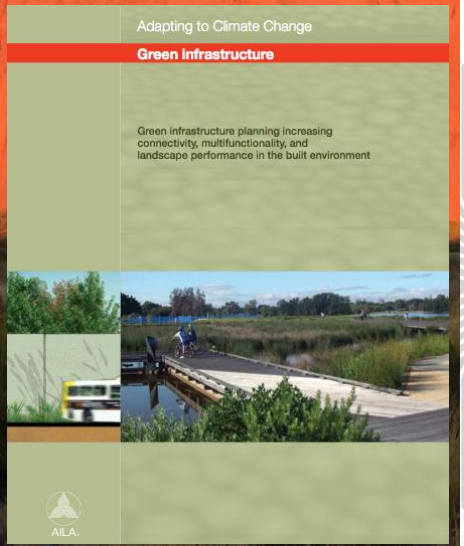
African Landscape Initiative

Three Working groups established:

- Southern Africa
- Eastern Africa
- Northern and Western Africa

ifla

Asia Landscape Initiative



The Australian Landscape Charter

Australian Registered Landscape Architects commit to the following Strategic Actions

Leadership	Lead by example with inspiring and informed solutions, creatively designed and successful in their effects.
Design	Provide design leadership in the creation and management of ecologically sustainable, culturally responsible and economically supportive landscapes.
Collaboration	Collaborate and construct effective partnerships with the community and allied professions in developing sustainable planning, design and management solutions. Collaboration is required to achieve stewardship of the Australian landscape to ensure future development is socially, environmentally and economically sustainable.
Education	Advance standards of excellence in education for the broader community, clients and fellow professionals on the comprehensive implications of and opportunities for urban and regional development, planning strategies, design trends and government policies on the landscape and associated values.
Representation	Actively promote the objectives and principles of the Charter.
Research	Participate in and support research that advances the achievement of sustainable environments and processes that protect and enhance Australian landscapes. Advance the study of sustainable landscapes and promote open exchange and broad integration of the knowledge acquired to produce sustainable results.
Evaluation	Use the Charter as an evaluation tool to measure & review outcomes, to promote changes and to advance Australian Registered Landscape Architects' principles.

stewardship collaboration leadership design

Australian Institute of Landscape Architects

aila australian society of landscape architects ifla

The Aotearoa-**New Zealand Landscape Charter**

NZILA - New Zealand Institute of Landscape Architects ifla

Working together….

Strategies At Global level ILC*:

UNESCO supports the content of the proposal. The next step is to reinforce the existing draft.

✓Elaborate a new proposal comprising Natural Landscapes with a more specific emphasis on landscape protection (applicable to conservation, preservation and development). To target the 2012 Florence Meeting to present the new version.

✓To contribute if possible to research the scope and overlaps/ gaps in the current legislation (Ref. to Michel Prieur in Limoges).

ILC Working Group
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Patricia O'Donnell odonnell@heritagelandscapes.cc , USA,Canada
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✓To set up an International network/ web page to diffuse and exchange on local, national/ regional and international support for Landscape. To add to the existing IFLA web site, links and information from around the world.
✓To encourage the setting of Landscape Observatories through the Regions
✓To foresee the submittal of the ILC proposal to RIO+20 (done - November 1)
✓To identify and engage new partners to support the ILC strategic campaigns.
✓* The Africa Region will be submitting three Landscape Charters in February 2012: South , West and East African Landscape Charters

At Regional level Latin American Landscape Initiative

✓To revise the draft, objectives and to rename the initiative.
✓To endorse the new name, "Latin American Landscape Charter Initiative".
✓ To seek the engagement of the diverse regional network of people, organizations, and institutions to participate in promoting and implementing the National Landscape Charters and the ILC.
✓To socialize with individuals, organizations, business, governments and others to establish a holistic tool for planning, managing and creating a sustainable development.

The 3 years | 3 axes strategy

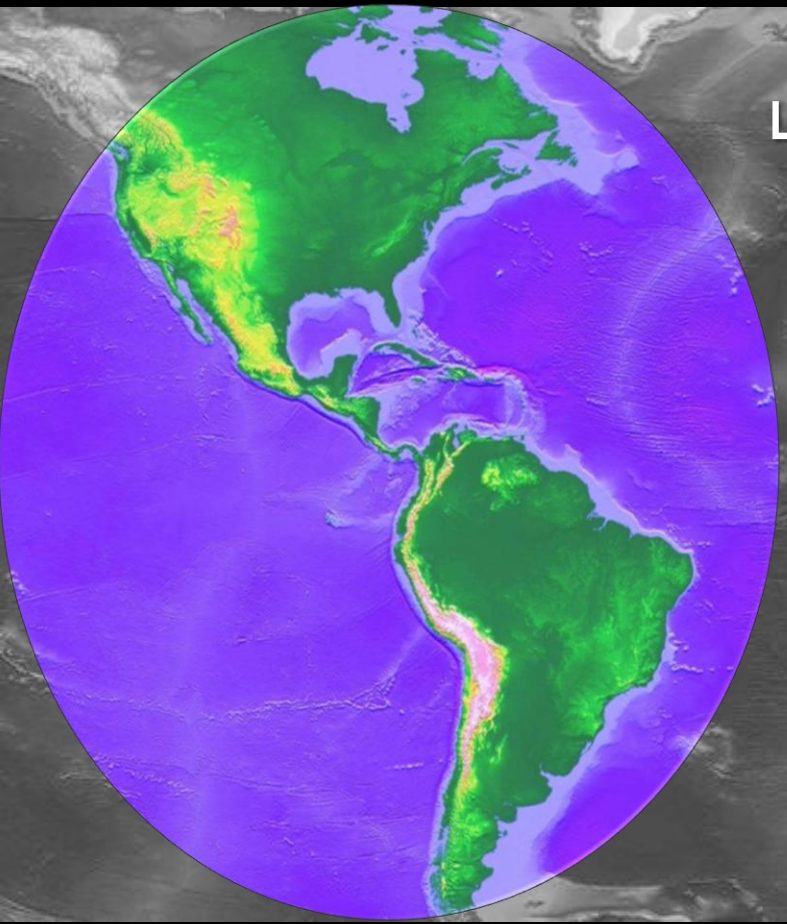
A region by region strategy but with a World perspective. Axes: a) to review the progress and results of the landscape charters consultation; b) to reach consensus on the Latin American Landscape Charter Initiative document; and c) to consider the future strategy of the LA Initiative within the ILC.

3 year Timetable:

✓**2011:** Completion of the National Landscape Charters and the draft of the LA Landscape Charter Initiative by October 29 at the IFLA Americas Regional Conference, Punta del Este, Uruguay

✓**2012:** Endorsement (sign) of the Latin American Landscape Charter Initiative. October 19 at the IFLA Americas Regional Conference in Medellin, Colombia

✓**2013:** The Regional Initiatives (Europe, Latin America, Africa, Asia?) within the global ILC



Latin-American Landscape Initiative Committee Uruguay October 2011

	CONVENCIÓN INTERNACIONAL DE PAISAJE ILC - INICIATIVA LATINOAMERICANA CARTA DEL PAISAJE
1:30- 5:00 pm Lugar Sala 2	**Borrador AGENDA Fecha 25 de octubre de 2011.**
1:30- 1.45 pm	INSTALACION Y PRESENTACIÓN DEL TALLER Bienvenida, Lista Participantes Carlos Pellegrino y Martha Fajardo
1:45- 2:15 pm	LA ESTRATEGIA LATINOAMERICANA una VISION DE CONJUNTO vs ILC 3 años+ 3 Ejes Desiré Martínez, Carlos Jankilevich, Carlos Pellegrino, Martha Fajardo
2:15- 3.45 pm	REGIONAL DIAGNOSTICS 10 minutes per delegate: Each Landscape Charter is up to identify landscape features, issues, strengths and proposals of territories to develop case studies 1) Carta de Argentina del Paisaje _CAAP 2) Carta Brasilera de Paisaje _ABAP 3) Carta Costarricense del Paisaje_ASOPAICO 4) Carta Colombiana del Paisaje_SAP 5) Carta del Paisaje México _SAPM 6) Carta Peruana del Paisaje_ PAIPERU 7) Carta del Paisaje y de los Recursos Escénicos de Venezuela _SAPV 8) Carta Boliviana del Paisaje _SAPEMA 9) Carta Chilena del Paisaje _ ICHAP 10) Carta Uruguaya del Paisaje_ AUDAPD 11) Otros
3:45- 4:30 pm	LA COMISIÓN REGIONAL PARA EXAMINAR EL PROCESO DE REDACCIÓN DE LA INICIATIVA La Iniciativa en Acción: Estrategias y Áreas de enfoque y su relación con la Convención Internacional del Paisaje ILC
4.30- 5:00 pm	COMPROMISOS Y CIERRE DEL TALLER

Latin America Campaign

The Latin American landscape architects and their associations are nowadays working on mechanism to implement their National Landscape Charter through the civil society, others organizations and institutions

1. Carta de Argentina del Paisaje _CAAP
2. Carta Brasilera de Paisaje _ABAP
3. Carta Costarricense del Paisaje_ASOPAICO
4. Carta Colombiana del Paisaje_SAP
5. México Paisaje Charter_SAPM
6. Carta Peruana del Paisaje_ PAIPERU
7. Carta del Paisaje de Venezuela _SAPV
8. Carta Boliviana del Paisaje _SAPEMA
9. Carta Chilena del Paisaje _ ICHAP
10. Carta Uruguaya del Paisaje_ AUDAPD
11. Carta Canadiense del Paisaje CSLA ?

Regional ILC Committee Members that will contribute to the writing process of the ILC:

- ✓María Teresa Espinosa, BOLIVIA
- ✓Martha Fajardo, COLOMBIA
- ✓Carmen de Ibérico, PERU
- ✓Saide Kahtouni, BRASIL
- ✓Alexandra Moncayo Vega, ECUADOR
- ✓Saúl Alcántara Onofre, MÉXICO
- ✓Raquel Peñalosa, CANADÁ
- ✓Carlos Pellegrino, URUGUAY
- ✓Norma Piazza, URUGUAY
- ✓Maribel Rodríguez, PUERTO RICO

Timetable:

2012 March 25 : First draft of the Latin America Landscape Charter Initiative

2012 June 25: Final draft of the document

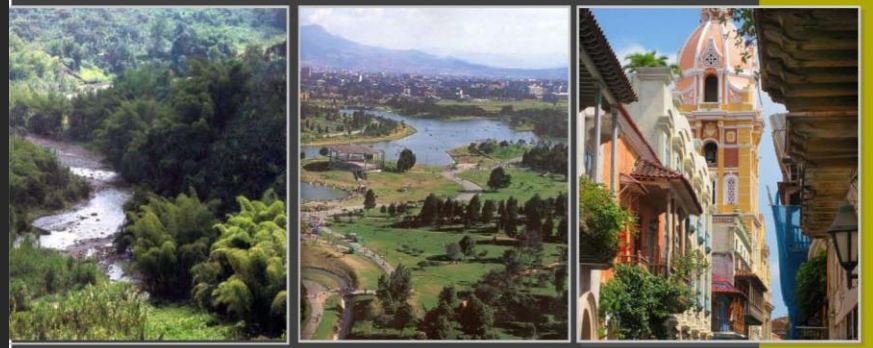
2012 October 19: Document completed to be signed at the IFLA/SAP Americas Conference in Medellin Colombia

UNESCO IFLA TOP-DOWN

Colombian landscape Charter 2009 MF

Latin-America Landscape Initiative
BOTTOM-UP process by the Civil society

2012: Endorsement (sign) of the Latin American Landscape Initiative. October 19 at the IFLA Americas Regional Conference in Medellin, Colombia



Carta Colombiana del Paisaje

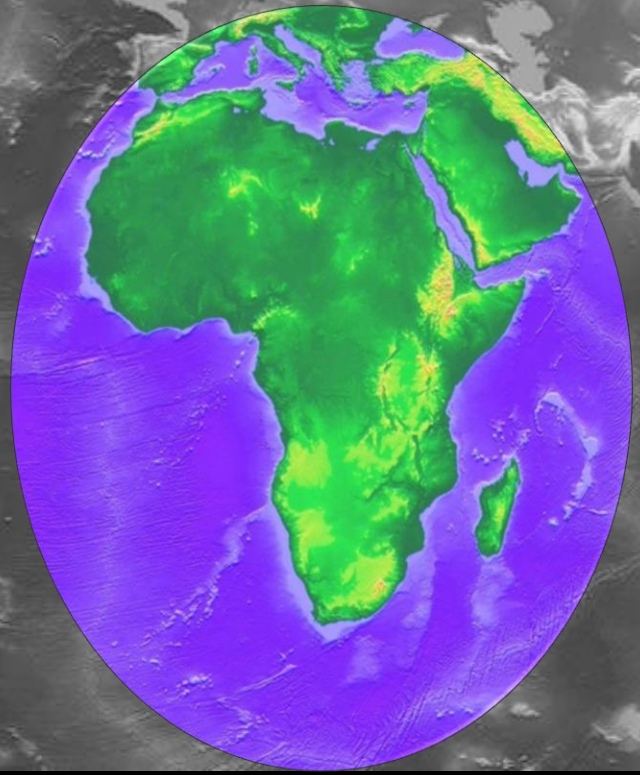
Colombian Landscape Charter

Sociedad Colombiana de Arquitectos Paisajistas

leadership / design / management / collaboration / representation

SAP

Africa
Landscape Initiative Committee Nairobi October 2011



	Draft AGENDA 9:00 a 13:00
9.00 – 9:30 am	INSTALATION AIM OF THE WORKSHOP Welcome, Attendance List Introduction Martha Fajardo
9:30 – 10:00	THE ILC STRATEGY Overview of progress to date Martha Fajardo World Initiatives overview along with the ILC strategy Desiré Martínez, IFLA President
10:00- 11:40	REGIONAL PROPOSALS 10 minutes per delegate/ Each Landscape leader present ideas identify landscape features, issues, strengths and proposals on how to develop the charter, a manifesto, or convention Regional issues & ideas- All Others
11:40 – 12:30	REGIONAL COMMISSION TO START THE PROCESS OF WRITING THE INITIATIVE Initiative in Action: Strategies, Agenda and Areas of focus
12:00 – 13:00	COMMITMENTS AND CLOSING OF THE WORKSHOP

Africa Landscape Initiative

International Landscape Convention

Three Working groups established:

- Southern Africa - ***Liana Muller***
- Eastern Africa - ***Sunday Abuje***
- Northern and Western Africa - ***Issia Habou***

Working groups Meetings:

- Regional meeting of the 3 sub regions proposed 1st meeting in Abuja or Lagos, April 2012
- 2nd meeting in Abuja/Lagos in order to finalize everything and make concrete proposals, Communicate with IFLA
- Next committee meeting will be held at the 2012 IFLA World Congress in Cape Town

An introduction to the African Landscape Charter Initiative

✓Members are needed from various professions and bodies

✓History of the ELC and Latin America Landscape Charters

✓Discussion on “Towards an International Landscape Convention” and UNESCO

Three strategic actions for working on an African Landscape Convention:

- Communicate
- Commit
- Research

We need to identify the organizations, institutions and individuals to communicate the concept to and foster relationships with and involve in the process (architects, planners, engineers, IUCN, UNHabitat, UNESCO, ILASA, and Governments

Armenia Landscape city Plan : Quindío Colombia 2009 / Coffee Cultural Landscape (PCC) on the UNESCO World Heritage List June 2011

"El paisaje no tiene sentido sin un hombre que lo observe, que lo contemple o que concretamente lo viva"

Franco Zagari