

<h1>2342</h1> <p>Number of CSLA full members (2018)</p>	<h1>851</h1> <p>Number of landscape architecture firms in Canada (2015)</p>	<p>In 2011, the profession was made up of</p> <h1>62% male</h1> <h1>38% female</h1> <p>landscape architects</p>
<p><b>Landscape architects in Canada live in:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Northwest Territories, .2%</li> <li>○ Nunavut, .2%</li> <li>○ British Columbia, 17.2%</li> <li>○ Alberta, 8%</li> <li>○ Saskatchewan, 2%</li> <li>○ Manitoba, 4.4%</li> <li>○ Ontario, 43.5%</li> <li>○ Québec, 22%</li> <li>○ Atlantic Provinces (PEI, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador), 2.5%</li> </ul>	<h1>7</h1> <p>Number of accredited landscape architecture programs in Canada</p>	<p>In 2011, landscape architects' age range was:</p> <p>25-34: 29%</p> <p>35-44: 24%</p> <p>45-54: 27%</p> <p>55-74: 20%</p>
<p><b>Breakdown of CSLA members by practice type/area in 2011</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ 59% - in professional, scientific and technical services</li> <li>○ 20.75% - in public administrative and support, waste management and remediation service</li> <li>○ 2.59% - in arts, entertainment and recreation</li> </ul>	<p><b>GDP contribution of the profession (in \$M)</b></p> <p>2010 – 883.64</p> <p>2011 – 985.42</p> <p>2012 – 1,061.70</p> <p>2013 – 1069.71</p> <p>2014 – 1,057.65</p>	<p><b>Economic multiplier</b></p> <h1>2.1</h1> <p>(every 1\$ spent in landscape architecture creates 2.10\$ of return in the economy)</p>